

## CAREER OPPORTUNITIES:

Inflation, unemployment, taxation, poverty, and world trade are some of the topics within the scope of economics.

Economics has 2 main subdivisions: microeconomics & macroeconomics. Microeconomics is the study of the economic environment of individual markets and the production and consumption decisions of individual firms, industries and persons. Macroeconomics is the study of relationships and issues involving the economy as a whole, such as inflation, employment, and monetary and fiscal policy.

Economics graduates work in a variety of fields. While most students with a bachelor's degree will not work as economists, they have skills and training that will be useful in other careers, such as business, education, and government. Example positions:

- Insurance Account Representative
- Analyst, Consulting Firm
- Stock Broker
- Financial Consultant
- Loan Administrator
- Sales Manager
- Human Resource Manager
- Process Engineer
- Operations Manager
- Recruiter
- Underwriter
- Legislative Aide
- Claims Adjuster
- Data Modeling Analyst

## STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS:

- Economics Club; Advisor: Dr. Matthias Paustian, 372-3491
- Omicron Delta Epsilon - the International Economics Society; Advisor: Dr. Matthias Paustian, 372-3491



## CURRICULUM:

In addition to BSBA core courses, economics students take courses in Intermediate Microeconomic Theory and Intermediate Macroeconomic Theory. They also take a quantitative economics course, one of ECON 401 or 402. The other 12 hours are selected from the 300- and 400-level economics courses. A written and oral communication requirement must also be satisfied; details available in the Department of Economics Office.



## SPECIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

- According to a recent salary survey by the Department of Labor, the average salary for finance/economics graduates was \$44,588 in 2006.
- The Economics Club - presentations to students made by professional academic economists as well as those in banking, government, and business.
- Opportunities for undergraduate assistantships to work with faculty in instructional and research efforts.
- The economics specialization competes with other liberal arts degrees as skills obtained from this education are skills not just for the 1<sup>st</sup> job, but for a lifetime.
- Economics students often go on to pursue a law degree, an MBA or an advanced degree in economics. Students with advanced degrees have opportunities in research and teaching.
- Check out our website at [www.cba.bgsu.edu/econ/](http://www.cba.bgsu.edu/econ/).



Check out the College of Business Administration website at [www.cba.bgsu.edu](http://www.cba.bgsu.edu)  
Department of Economics  
Dr. John Hoag, Chair  
3002 BAA  
(419) 372-2646

## Economics - 18 Hours

A specialization in the  
Bachelor of Science in Business Administration

Students must meet the specialization requirements in effect at the time of their admission to the BSBA degree program.

The specific requirements for the Economics specialization are as follows:

<u>Courses</u>	<u>Course Name</u>	<u>Credit Hours</u>
ECON 302 and	Intermediate Microeconomic Theory	(3)
ECON 303 - one may be counted in the business core	Intermediate Macroeconomic Theory	(3)
ECON 401 or	Mathematical Economics	(3)
ECON 402	Econometrics	(3)
Plus four other 300- or 400-level ECON courses. See your Economics faculty advisor for more information.		(12)

Check your 2007-2008 *Undergraduate Catalog* at [www.bgsu.edu/catalog/](http://www.bgsu.edu/catalog/) for prerequisites. Students must meet prerequisites in effect at the time of course enrollment.

### Notes:

- All students with an economics specialization must satisfy a written and oral communication requirement in Economics. See the Economics Chair for more information.

Students are responsible for meeting all requirements for the BSBA including specialization requirements.